## The Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) framework is effective from September 2014. It is mandatory for all early years providers.

This is an overview of the framework, the seven areas of learning and development and the characteristics of effective learning.

There are seven areas of learning and development that must shape educational programmes in early years settings. All areas of learning and development are important and inter-connected. Three areas are particularly crucial for igniting children's curiosity and enthusiasm for learning, and for building their capacity to learn, form relationships and thrive. These three areas, the prime areas, are:

- Communication and language;
- Physical development; and
- Personal, social and emotional development.

Providers must also support children in four specific areas, through which the three prime areas are strengthened and applied. The specific areas are:

- Literacy;
- Mathematics;
- understanding the world; and
- Expressive arts and design.

Educational programmes must involve activities and experiences for children, as follows.

- Communication and language development involves giving children opportunities to experience a rich language environment; to develop their confidence and skills in expressing themselves; and to speak and listen in a range of situations.
- Physical development involves providing opportunities for young children to be active and interactive; and to develop their co-ordination, control, and movement. Children must also be helped to understand the importance of physical activity, and to make healthy choices in relation to food.
- Personal, social and emotional development involves helping children to develop a positive sense of themselves, and others; to form positive relationships and develop respect for others; to develop social skills and learn how to manage their feelings; to understand appropriate behaviour in groups; and to have confidence in their own abilities.
- Literacy development involves encouraging children to link sounds and letters and to begin to read and write. Children must be given access to a wide range of reading materials (books, poems, and other written materials) to ignite their interest.
- Mathematics involves providing children with opportunities to develop and improve their skills in counting, understanding and using numbers, calculating simple addition and subtraction problems; and to describe shapes, spaces, and measures.
- Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community through opportunities to explore, observe and find out about people, places, technology and the environment.
- Expressive arts and design involves enabling children to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials, as well as providing opportunities and encouragement for sharing their thoughts, ideas and feelings through a variety of activities in art, music, movement, dance, role-play, and design and technology.

# The Characteristics of Effective Learning and the prime and specific Areas of Learning and Development are all interconnected.

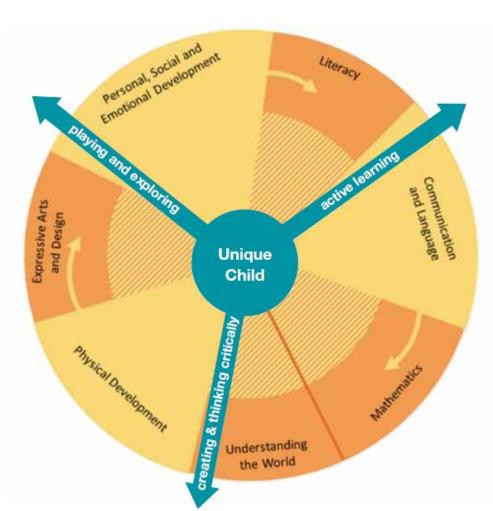
- The ways in which the child engages with other people and their environment – playing and exploring, active learning, and creating and thinking critically – underpin learning and development across all areas and support the child to remain an effective and motivated learner.
- The prime areas begin to develop quickly in response to relationships and experiences, and run through and support learning in all other areas.
  The prime areas continue to be fundamental throughout the EYFS.
- The specific areas include essential skills and knowledge. They grow out of the prime areas, and provide important contexts for learning.

The Unique Child reaches out to relate to people and things through the Characteristics of Effective Learning, which move through all areas of learning.

- playing and exploring
- active learning
- · creating and thinking critically

Children develop in the context of relationships and the environment around them.

This is unique to each family, and reflects individual communities and cultures.



**Prime** areas are fundamental, work together, and are move through to support development in all other areas.

- Personal, Social and Emotional Development
- Communication and Language
- Physical Development

**Specific** areas include essential skills and knowledge for children to participate successfully in society.

- Literacy
- Mathematics
- Understanding the World
- Expressive Arts and Design

### **Characteristics of Effective Learning**

#### Playing and exploring - engagement

Finding out and exploring Playing with what they know Being willing to 'have a go'

#### **Active learning - motivation**

Being involved and concentrating Keeping trying Enjoying achieving what they set out to do

#### Creating and thinking critically - thinking

Having their own ideas Making links Choosing ways to do things

Area of Learning and Development	Aspect	
Prime Areas		
Personal, Social and	Making relationships	
Emotional Development	Self-confidence and self-awareness	
	Managing feelings and behaviour	
Physical Development	Moving and handling	
	Health and self-care	
Communication and Language	Listening and attention	
	Understanding	
	Speaking	
Specific areas		
Literacy	Reading	
	Writing	
Mathematics	Numbers	
	Shape, space and measure	
Understanding the World	People and communities	
	The world	
	Technology	
Expressive Arts and Design	Exploring and using media and materials	
	Being imaginative	