

Ellwood Community Primary School

Relationships and Sex Education Policy [RSE]

Page 1 of 5

Relationship and Sex Education Policy

September 2020

Context/Introduction

- "All schools must have an up to date RSE policy which is made available for inspection and to parents. The policy must:
 - Define Relationship and Sex education;
 - Describe how sex and relationship education is provided and who is responsible for providing it;
 - Say how sex and relationship education is monitored and evaluated;
 - Include information about parents' right to withdrawal; and
 - Be reviewed regularly

Relationship and Sex education is lifelong learning about physical, moral and emotional development. It is about the understanding of the importance of loving and caring relationships. It is about the teaching of sex, sexuality and sexual health.

Research demonstrates that good, comprehensive sex and relationship education does not make young people more likely to become sexually active at a younger age.

Moral and Values Framework

Relationship and Sex education will reflect the values of the PSHE programme. RSE will be taught in the context of relationships.

In addition RSE will promote self-esteem and emotional health and well being and help them form and maintain worthwhile and satisfying relationships, based on respect for themselves and for others, at home, school, work and in the community.

Aims and Objectives for Sex and Relationship Education

The aim of RSE is to provide children with age appropriate information, explore attitudes and values and develop skills in order to empower them to make positive decisions about their health related behaviour. This should take place with consideration of the qualities of relationships within families.

The objectives of Relationship and Sex Education are;

- To provide the knowledge and information to which all pupils are entitled.
- To clarify/reinforce existing knowledge.
- To raise pupils' self-esteem and confidence, especially in their relationships with others;
- To help pupils understand their sexual feelings and behaviour, so they can lead fulfilling and enjoyable lives;
- To help pupils' develop skills (language, decision making, choice, assertiveness) and make the most of their abilities.
- To provide the confidence to be participating members of society and to value themselves and others;
- To help gain access to information and support.
- To develop skills for a healthier and safer lifestyle.

- To develop and use communication skills and assertiveness skills to cope with the influences of their peers and the media.
- To respect and care for their bodies.
- To be prepared for puberty and adulthood.

The teaching programme for Sex and Relationship Education Legal requirements

All schools must teach the following as part of the National Curriculum Science Orders, parents do not have the right to withdraw their child/children.

National Curriculum Science

Key Stage 1

- 1. b) that animals including humans, move, feed, grow, and use their senses and reproduce.
- 2. a) to recognise and compare the main external parts of the bodies of humans and reproduce.
 - f) that humans and animals can reproduce offspring and these grow into adults.
- 3. a) to recognise similarities and differences between themselves and others and
- 4. treat others with sensitivity.

Key Stage 2

- 1. a) that the life processes common to humans and other animals include nutrition, growth and reproduction.
- 2. f) about the main stages of the human life cycle.
- Every child is entitled to receive RSE regardless of ethnicity, gender, religion, age, culture, disability, sexuality, language specials needs, disadvantaged and looked after children.
- It is our intention all children have the opportunity to experience a programme of RSE at a level which is appropriate for their age and physical development with differentiated provision if required.

Such a programme can successfully follow the outline given below;

Foundation

Children learn about the concept of male and female and about young animals. In ongoing PSHE work, they develop skills to form friendships and think about relationships with others.

Key Stage 1

Through work in science children learn about life cycles of some animals, understand the idea of growing from young to old and learn that all living things reproduce. They learn about the importance of personal hygiene to maintain good health. In RE, PSHE and Citizenship children reflect on family relationships, different family groups and friendship. They learn about rituals and traditions associated with birth, marriage and death and talk about the emotions involved. They begin to co-operate with others in work and play and begin to recognise the range of human emotions and ways to deal with them. They also learn about personal safety.

Key Stage 2

In science children build on their knowledge of life cycles and learn about the basic biology of human reproduction including birth of a baby on years 5 & 6. Children are taught about the physical, emotional and social changes at puberty, which include personal hygiene. In RE, PSHE and Citizenship, they continue to develop an understanding of relationships within a family, between friends and the community and that there are different patterns of friendship. They will develop skills needed to form relationships and to respect other people's emotions and feelings. They will consider how to make simple choices and exercise some basic techniques for resisting pressures. Sex and relationship education should focus on the development of skills and attitudes not just the acquisition of knowledge.

The organisation of Sex and Relationship Education

The PSHE co-ordinator is the designated teacher with responsibility for coordinating Relationship and Sex Education.

Relationship and Sex Education is delivered through science, RE, PSHE, Citizenship, literacy activities and circle time in all year groups. RSE is also taught in one specific session per term using the 'Gloucestershire Healthy Living and Learning Relationships and Sex Education scheme.' These sessions are year group specific and therefore classes are split accordingly.

Sex and relationship education is taught by classroom teachers, teaching assistants and if appropriate, outside visitors such as the school nurse and NSPCC. A range of teaching methods which involve children's full participation are used to teach sex and relationship education. These include use of video, discussion, looking at case studies, drama and role play.

In year 6 children have a RSE lesson which is initially delivered in mixed gender groups to watch a video looking at changes that occur during puberty and then split in to gender groups for a question and answer session. During this session an anonymous question box is used to allow pupils to feel confident in asking questions that they may not otherwise.

Resources to teach Relationship and Sex Education include fiction, reference books, leaflets and extracts from videos.

Relationship and Sex Education is monitored and evaluated by the PSHE co-ordinator as part of the school's development plan. As a result of this process changes will be made to the Relationship and Sex Education programme as appropriate.

Specific Issues

• Parental consultation

The school includes information on Relationship and Sex Education in the school prospectus and full details are available on request. The school informs parents when aspects of the Relationship and Sex Education programme are taught and provides opportunities for parents to view the videos and resources being used. Parents have the right to withdraw their children from those aspects of Relationship and Sex Education, not included in the National Curriculum Science Orders, alternative work would be set. However this rarely happens, by working in partnership with parents they recognise the importance of this aspect of their child's education.

• Child Protection / Confidentiality

Teachers need to be aware that effective Relationship and Sex Education, which brings an understanding of what is and is not acceptable in a relationship, may lead to disclosure of a child protection issue. The staff member will inform the Head Teacher /Designated Child Protection person in line with the LEA procedures for child protection. A member of staff cannot promise confidentiality if concerns exist.

• Links with other policies

This policy is linked with the following policies: PSHE & Citizenship Equal Opportunities Child Protection Confidentiality Behaviour Anti Bullying

• Dealing with difficult questions

Ground rules are essential to provide an agreed structure to answering sensitive or difficult questions. This framework facilitates the use of an anonymous question box as a distancing technique. Teachers will endeavour to answer questions as honestly as possible but if faced with a question they do not feel comfortable answering within the classroom, provision would be made to meet the individual child's needs.

• Children with special needs

Teaching and resources will be differentiated, as appropriate, to address the needs of these children in order for them to have full access to the content of Relationship and Sex Education.

Monitoring and Evaluation

Monitoring is the responsibility of the Head Teacher, Governing Body and Teacher with responsibility for Relationship and Sex Education. The school will assess the effectiveness of the aims, content and methods in promoting students' learning by lesson observation, questionnaires to children and any feedback from parents. The effectiveness of the RSE programme will be evaluated by assessing children's learning and implementing change if required.

This policy will be reviewed by PSHE co-ordinator in conjunction with the Head Teacher and the Governing Body

Signed	D.Milford
Reviewed	February 2020 (Miss Peart)
To be reviewed:	February 2021